

R&D for SPACE @ TIFPA

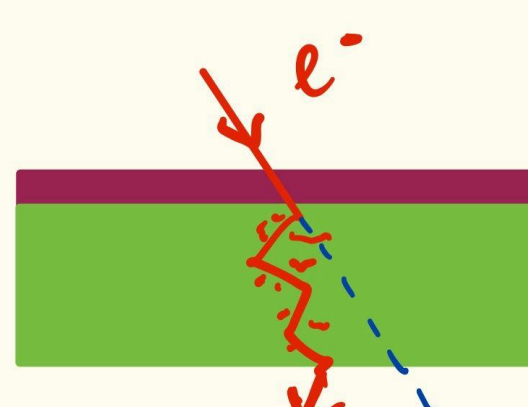
PNRR "Space it up", FLEXBOND, XRO, PRIN "Astrotor", PRIN "PHeSCAMI"



FLEXBOND: FLEXible PCBs with TAB BONDing

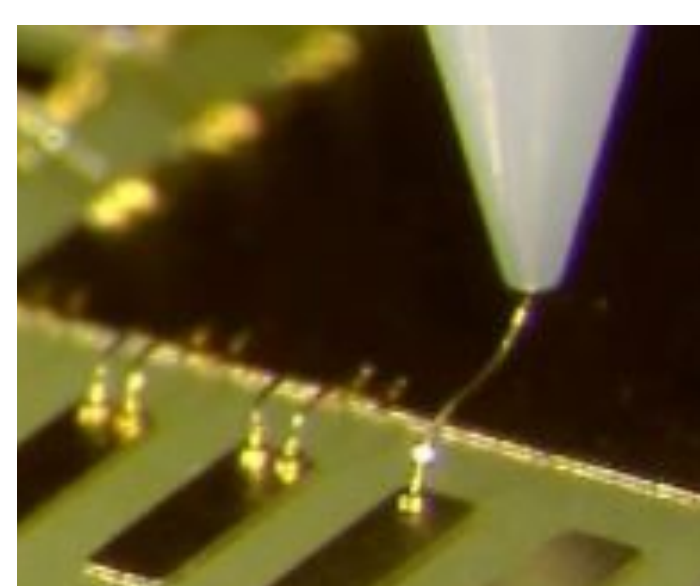
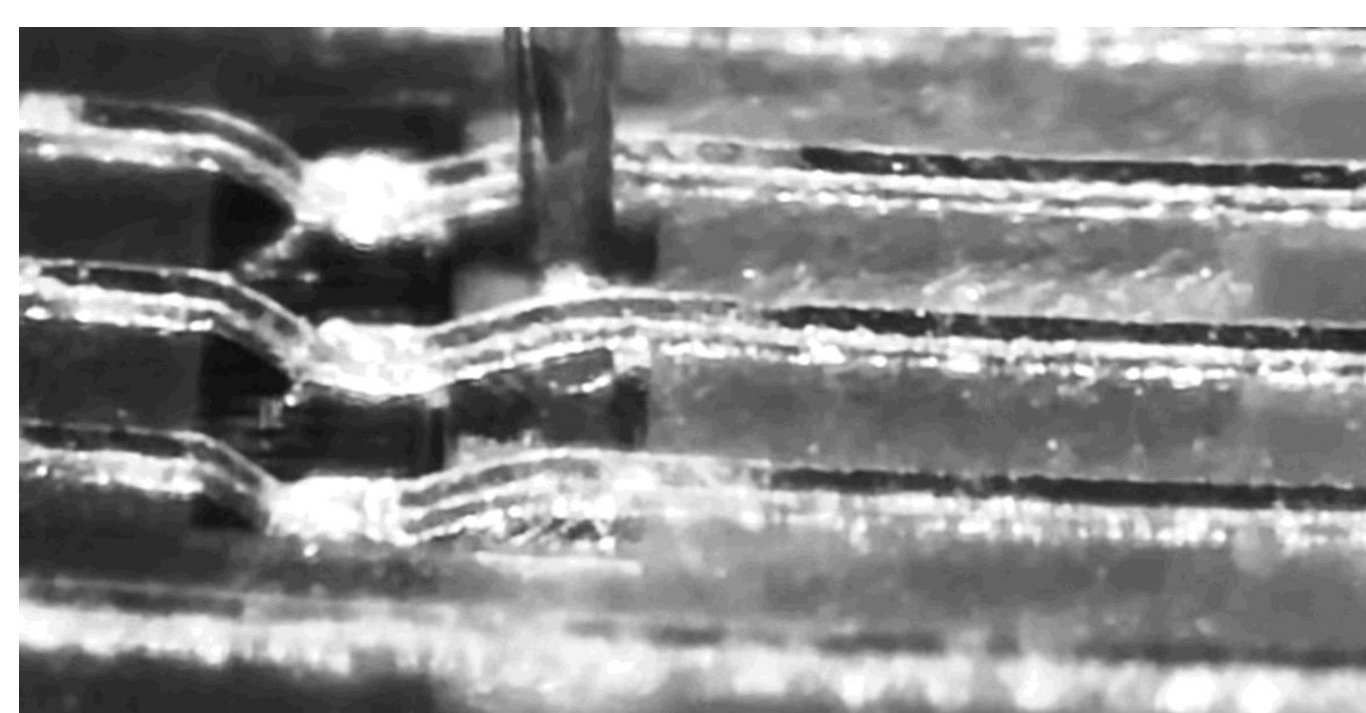


Ultra-lightweight flexible PCBs, first used in projects like ALICE ITS and STAR tracker, offer low-mass solutions with excellent properties. Their adaptability and reliability make them indispensable for space-constrained environments in particle detection. Our study introduces innovative fabrication methods and initial integration results, promising for future experiments.

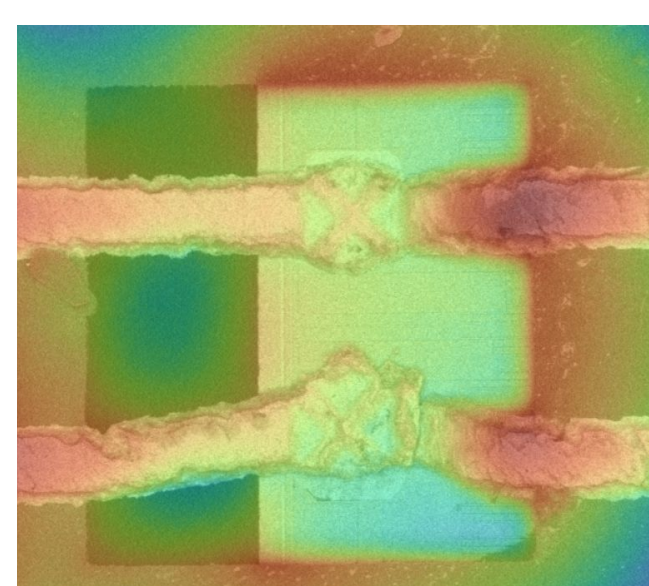


Standard PCB

FLEXBOND



Standard Wire Bonding



Tape Automated Bonding (TAB)

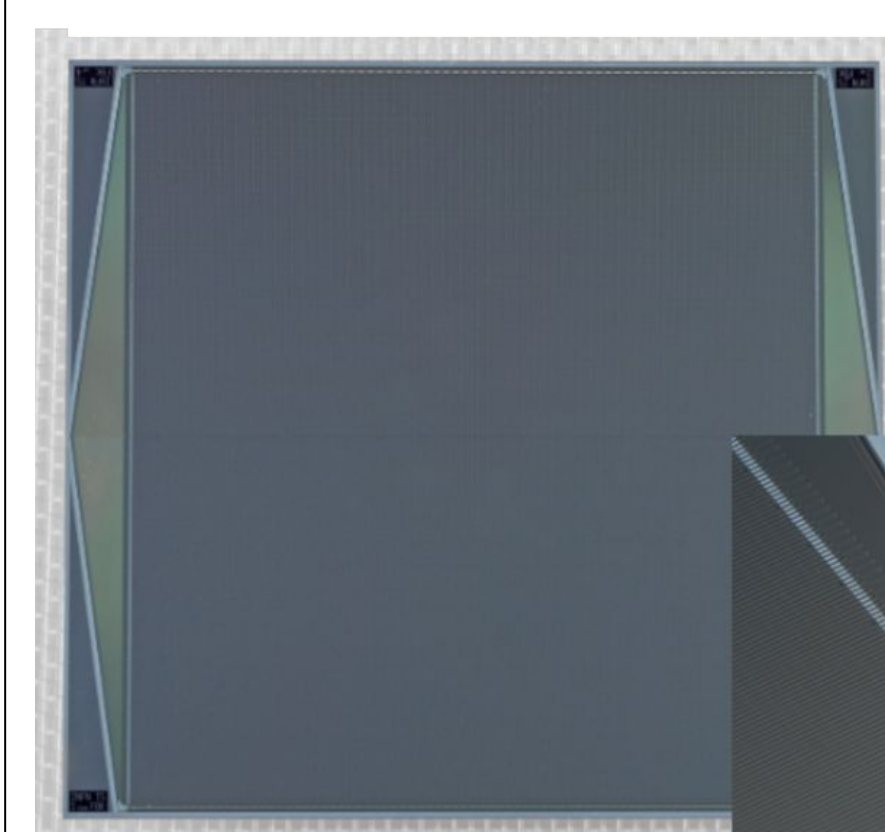
Minimizing material budget and rendering the PCB highly flexible, conducive to curved chip designs, and adaptable to innovative packaging solutions.

Enhancing flexibility and adopting area-efficient packaging techniques to mitigate wire-related challenges and strengthen the connection between the package and the chip.

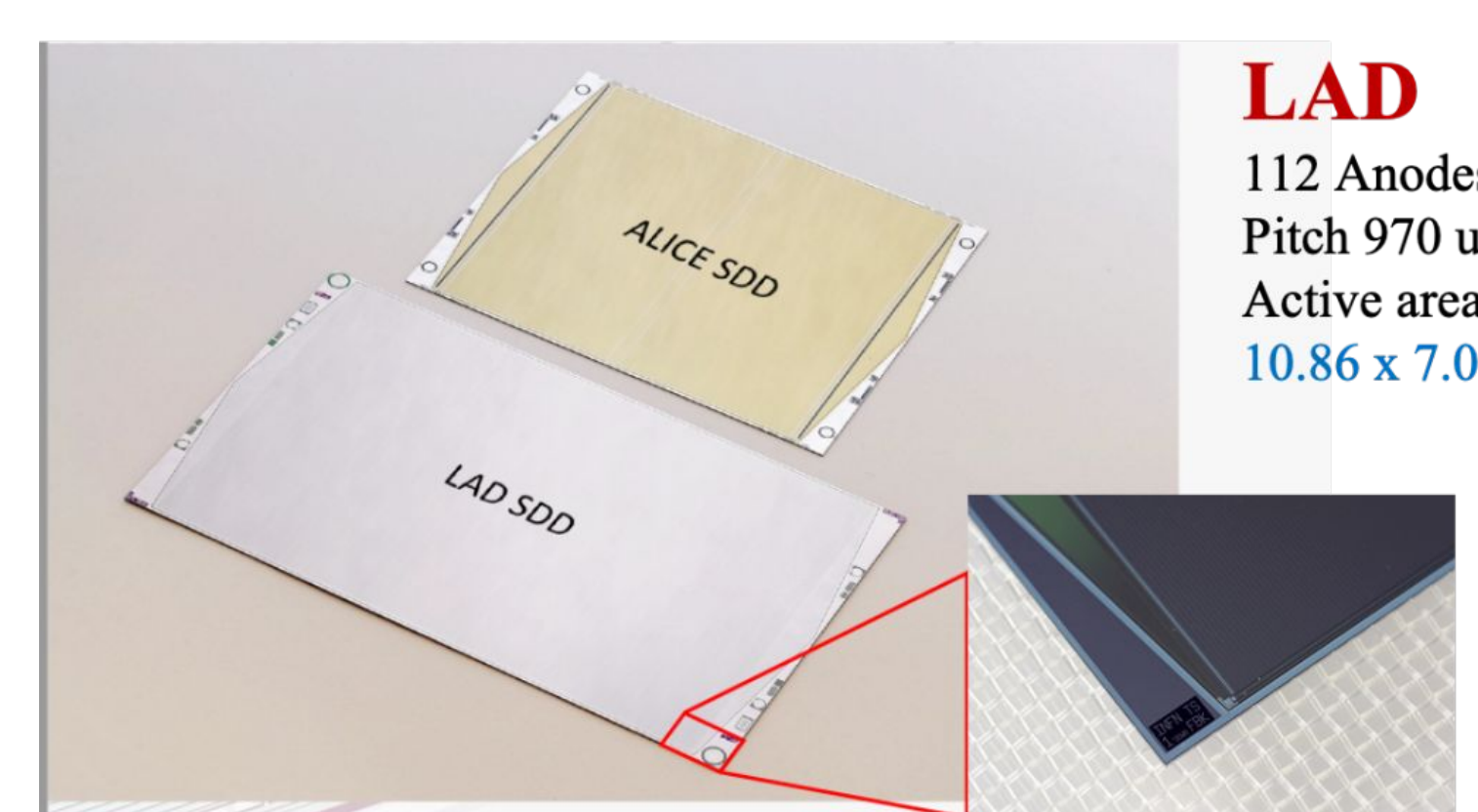
XRO X-RAY OBSERVATORIES

eXTP enhanced X-ray Timing and Polarimetry

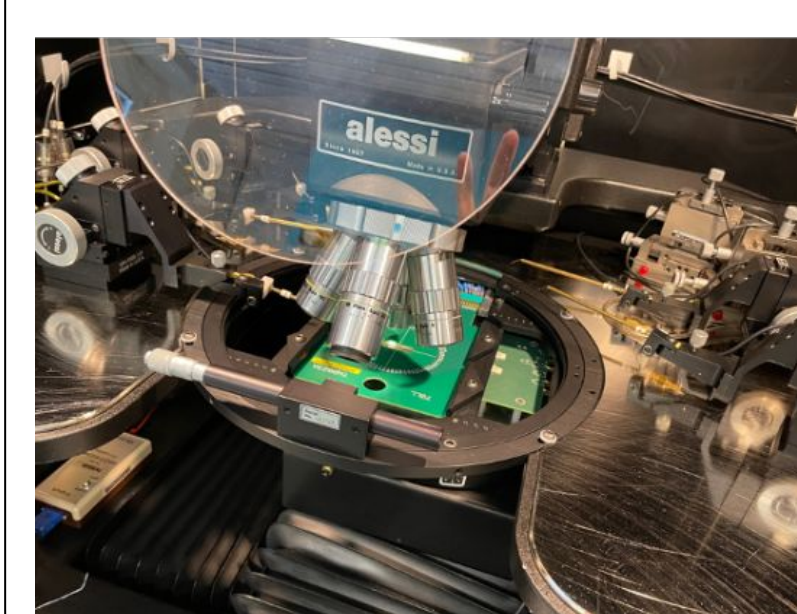
Test and electric characterization of the Silicon Drift Detectors produced by FBK.



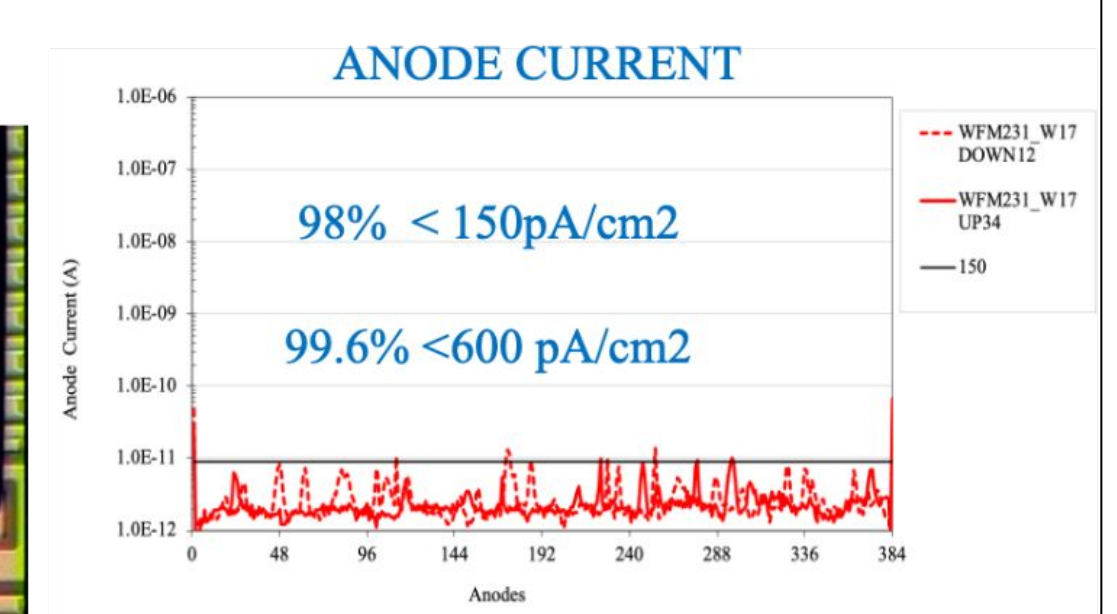
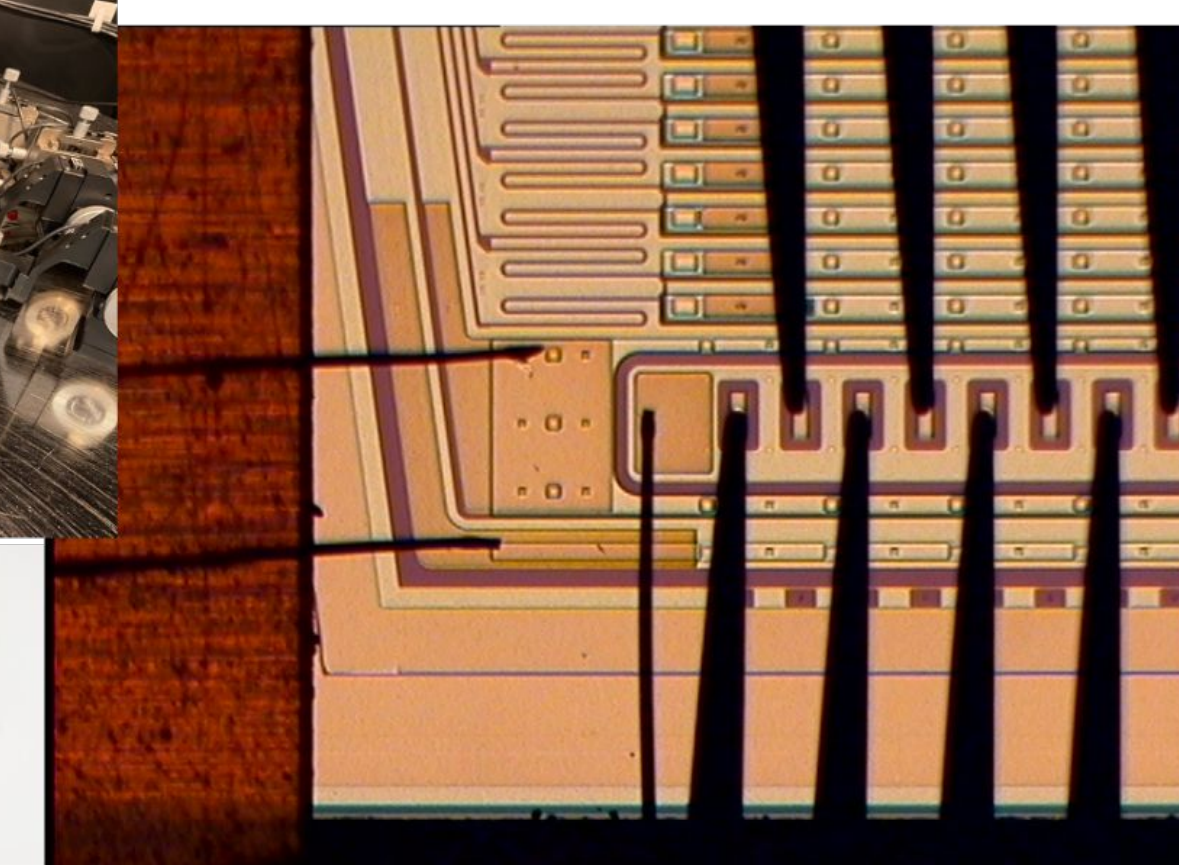
WFM
384 Anode
Pitch 169 μm
Active area:
6.5 \times 7.0 cm^2



LAD
112 Anodes
Pitch 970 μm
Active area:
10.86 \times 7.00 cm^2



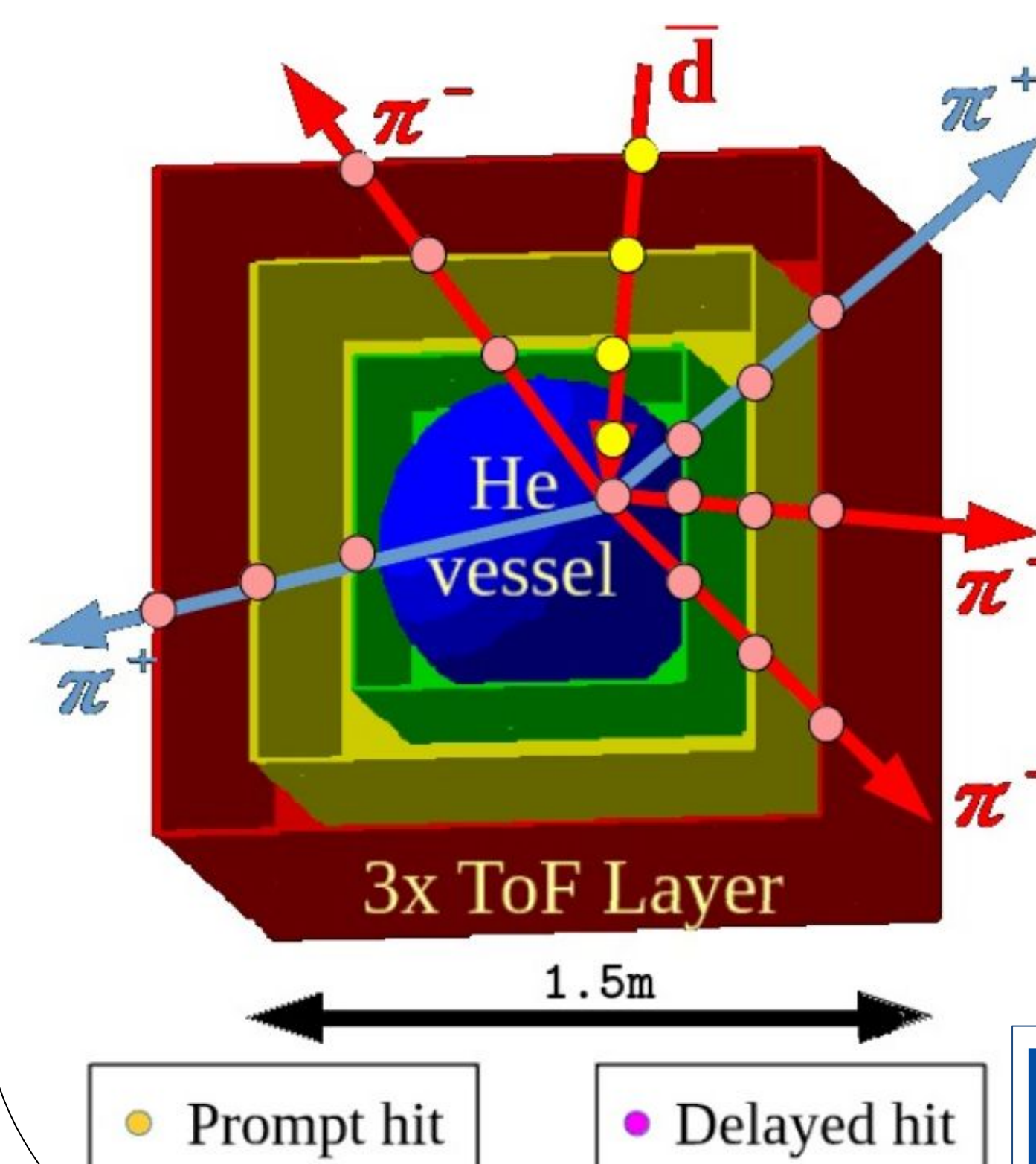
ANODE TEST with PROBE CARD



Batch **WFM231** fabricated at FBK in 2023 has excellent yield of WFM sensors.

PHeSCAMI "Pressurized Helium Scintillating Calorimeter for AntiMatter Investigation" PRIN2022

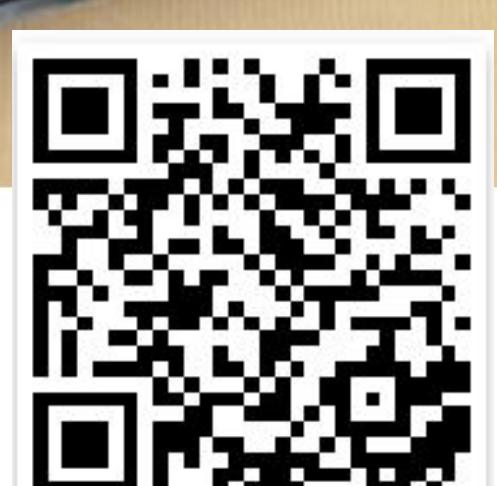
Anti-deuteron identification in space is a "smoking gun" for Dark Matter annihilation. Thanks to metastable states (μs -) delayed annihilations are expected in He target. This is a new signature for anti-deuteron search with a circum-antarctic balloon exp.



Development and test of an He pressurized (40L - 300 Bar) scintillating calorimeter. The composite vessel (1.5g/cm² automotive) allows to reach a low (50MeV/n) threshold.



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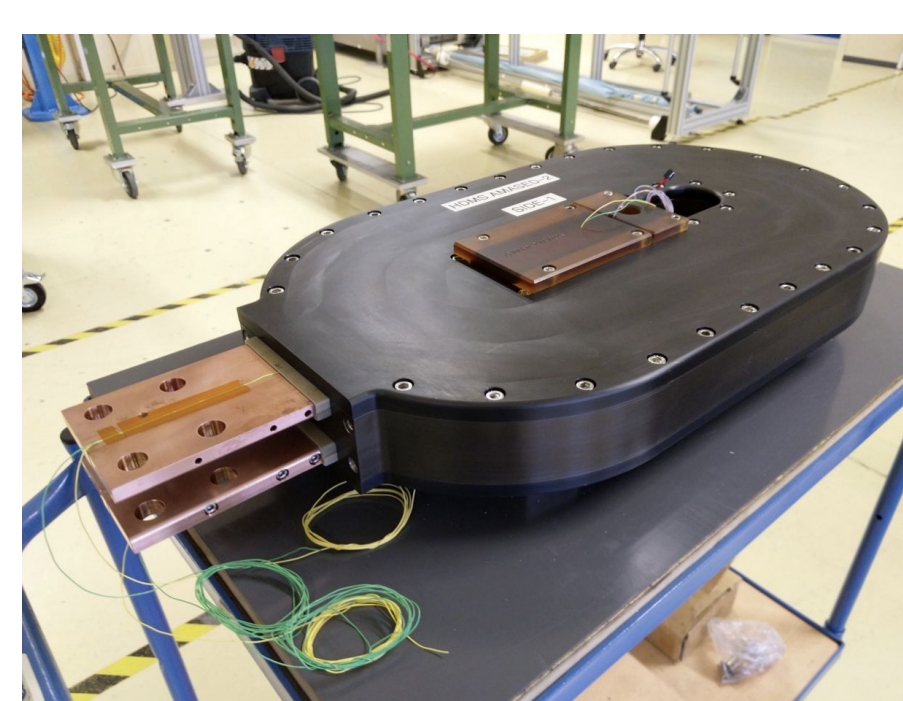


<https://doi.org/10.3390/instruments8010003>

ASTROTOR

"ASTROparticle TORoidal spectrometer" PRIN2022

The ASTROTOR project aims to demonstrate the possibility to directly measure cosmic antiparticles up to 100 TeV by exploiting HTS magnets and the MAPS technology in a space spectrometer.



HDMS - AMaSED-2

- Conceptual design of toroidal HTS magnet for a spectrometer in space
- First coil manufactured and operated between 10 - 77 K, 3 T @ center

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MAPS tracking module

- Qualified for space, on board CSES-02 (HEPD-02)
- three tracking layer with 10 ALTAI chips each (chip is 15 mm \times 30 mm);

